# CACTUS and SUCCULENT SOCIETY of NEW MEXICO

P.O. Box 21357 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87154-1357 http://www.new-mexico.cactus-society.org

## GENERA OF CACTI AND OTHER SUCCULENTS FOR USE IN ALBUQUERQUE GARDENS

This is by no means a complete list. It should be remembered that not all species in a given genus are necessarily winter hardy, but that hardiness is dependent upon the climate where the species occurs wild in nature. A little research into the origins of a species will tell much about its needs.

There are probably many species left to be found that will do well in Albuquerque and similar climates.

An asterisk (\*) indicates that species in that genus are most suited to raised rock beds in sunny nooks and crannies. A hash mark (#) indicates species that are most suitable to dry-land landscaping or large-scale gardens.

#### Cactaceae

#\*Cylindropuntia (North America) — Chollas

Many species are hardy

\*Echinocactus (North America) — Barrel Cacti

horizonthalonius, parryi, texensis, xeranthemoides

\*Echinocereus (North America) — Hedgehog & Claret Cup Cacti

Many species

\*Echinomastus (North America)

intertextus

\*Escobaria (North America)

Many species

\*Gymnocalycium (Argentina) — Chin Cacti

bruchii, calachlorum, gibbosum (maybe several more)

\*Lobivia (South America)

aurea, aurea var. leucomalla (likely many more)

\*Maihuenia (Argentina/Chile)

patagonia, popoegii

\*Maihueniopsis (South America), often included in Tephrocactus

darwinii, glomerata

\*Mammillaria (North America) — Pincushion Cacti

heyderi, meiacantha, viridiflora, wrightii (likely several more)

\*Notocactus (South America)

submammulosus

#\*Opuntia (Argentina to Canada) — Prickly Pear, Beavertail

Many species

\*Pediocactus (Western United States)

simpsonii

\*Pterocactus (Argentina)

australis, fischeri, hickenzi, kuntzei

#\*Trichocereus (Western South America), includes Helianthocereus and Soehreroim

candicans, chilensis, formosus, grandiflorus, huascha, strigosus (likely more)

\*Sclerocactus (Southwestern United States) — Fishhook Cactus, Barrel

heilii, parviflorus, whipplei

#Ferocactus (Southwestern North America) — Barrel Cacti, Fishhook Cactus

hamatacanthus, perhaps sinuatus; F. wislizenii is NOT hardy in Albuquerque, nor is F. cylindraceus (acanthodes), the Mohave Fire Barrel. Both of the latter are often sold here.

Other cacti sometimes sold in New Mexico by diggers (often illegally) include *Carnegia gigantea* (Saguaro) and other Sonoran Desert, lower Mohave Desert, and South Texas species. **BE CAREFUL** if the plant looks field collected. Find out the name and look it up.

**Mesembryanthemaceae** — (Ice Plants, Living Stones, Tiger Jaws, etc., from South Africa): This family is fertile ground for new introductions into the hardy succulent garden.

Aloinopsis, Chasmatophyllum, Delosperma (aberdeenense, congestum, and cooperi, likely more), Nananthus, Neohenricia, Rabiea, Rhinophyllum, Ruschia, Prepodesmia, Stomatium, Titanopsis.

For ground covers, especially on banks:

Delosperma cooperi, Chasmatophyllum musculinum, Ruschia indurata, Malephora lutea, Delosperma congestum.

**Portulacacea** — Purslane Family (includes many alpine succulents also)

\*Portulaca (worldwide) — Purslane (Many are temporary annuals)

#\*Talinum (Sothern Hemisphere and North America) — Fame Flower

#### Crassulaceae— Stonecrop Family

#\*Sedum (worldwide, mostly Northern Hemisphere) — Stonecrop

\*Sempervivum (Eurasia) — Hen & Chicks, Houseleek, Cobwebs

\*Jovibarba (Eurasia) — Hen & Chicks

Orostachys

\*Rosularia (Eurasia)

\*Crassula (Africa): Most are not hardy; check climate of origin.

\*Echeveria strictiflora (West Texas and Northeastern Mexico)

### Fouqueriaceae — Ocotillo Family

#Fouqueria splendens — Ocotillo

#### Agavaceae — Agave Family

#\*Agave (Southwestern North America)

toumeyana, schottii, parryi, neomexicana, havardiana, lechuguilla, palmeri, parviflora, macroculmis, and probably many more. These are the Century Plants.

#Yucca (North America) — Adam's Needles, Soapweed, Dagger Tree, etc. Most are hardy.

#Nolina (Southern North America) — Beargrass

texana, erupens microcarpa, and others

#Dasylirion (Southwestern North America) — Sotol, Desert Spoon

wheeleri leiophyllum and others

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